1. Another term for justice is _____.

2. The ADA's definition includes treating patients **without**_____.

3. Not_____is certainly part of fairness. We should not refuse to treat patients based on their_____, _____, _____, _____, or _____origin.

4. Denying treatment due to a patient having a contractible bloodborne disease is

   _____.

5. Using_____(universal) precautions of infection control ensures that we are doing everything we can to protect _____patients from being exposed to a communicable disease.

6. The type of treatment we recommend for a patient with a bloodborne disease should be the same as we would perform for anyone.   True   False   (circle one)

7. Licensed dental healthcare professions are obliged to report instances of_____or

   _____ faulty treatment by other dentists.

8. Another term for veracity is_____.

9. The ADA adds in their definition of veracity that_____would be considered not being truthful.

10. The CDA definition includes that honesty goes_____. The _____should be honest with us, and we should be honest with them.

11. The ADA considers the recommendation to remove amalgam for the alleged purpose of removing toxic substances from the body as unethical.   True   False   (circle one)

12. It is unethical to waive a copayment and accept the insurance payment of the treatment as payment in full.
    True   False   (circle one)

13. The reason the previous statement is true is because this is considered _____and misrepresentation.

14. Changing_____ is unethical.

15. Completing a coronal polish on a child is the same thing as doing a prophy and can be billed as a child prophy.
    True   False   (circle one)   Explain:_____

16. Another phrase for performing unnecessary dental treatment is performing an_____of

    _____.

17. It would also be considered _____.

18. Dentists should not_____their training and competence in any way that would be false or misleading in any material respect.

GOOD JOB! NEXT UP: Unit 3 Topic C