



RDA WRITTEN EXAM REVIEW

SECTION 4: Occupational Safety and Health
TOPIC C: OSHA's HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD

1. OSHA has _____ standards that we must comply with:
 - a. _____ Standard
 - b. _____ Standard
2. One way in which the two standards are different is that _____

3. The other name for the "Hazard Communication Standard" is the:
_____ Law
4. The intent of this law is to _____

5. The new standard called _____ includes changes so that _____

6. Who classifies the hazards of chemicals they produce? _____
7. Who prepares the labels and safety data sheets? _____
8. What is the responsibility of the employers when they receive the chemicals, labels and Safety Data Sheets:
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
9. There are _____ sections to the Hazard Communication Standard law.
10. Employees were supposed to be trained on the new labels and SDS format by _____.
11. The six steps to an effective hazard communication program include:
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
 - d. _____
 - e. _____
 - f. _____
12. The Hazard Communication Program must be lengthy and/or complicated. True False

13. All offices must keep a list of ALL CHEMICALS present in the office. True False

Hint: Not all chemicals are potentially hazardous.

14. How should the list of **hazardous** chemicals be organized? _____

15. The hazard communication program that your office must create, must describe how the office will comply with:

- a. _____ hazardous materials
- b. Maintaining _____
- c. Disseminating information and _____ employees on handling hazardous materials

16. Containers must be labeled with _____ things which are:

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d. _____
- e. _____
- f. _____

17. Which pictogram is optional? _____

18. The two possible signal words that are required are _____ and _____.

19. Which signal word indicates greater severity of potential toxicity? _____

20. OSHA inspection requirements include:

- a. Having a designated person responsible for _____
- b. Appropriate labels on all _____
- c. _____ and _____ of labels included in the employee training program
- d. Procedures to _____ and _____ workplace label information when necessary.

21. SDS sheets must be kept on all _____ chemicals.

22. The _____ is required to provide the SDS sheets.

23. The SDS sheets must be organized for _____.

24. _____ are responsible for ensuring the SDS sheets are available.

25. Employers have to provide training on hazardous chemicals:

- a. _____
- b. _____

26. OSHA mandates that employers have to provide training regarding hazardous chemicals at the time of their _____ and whenever _____ are introduced.

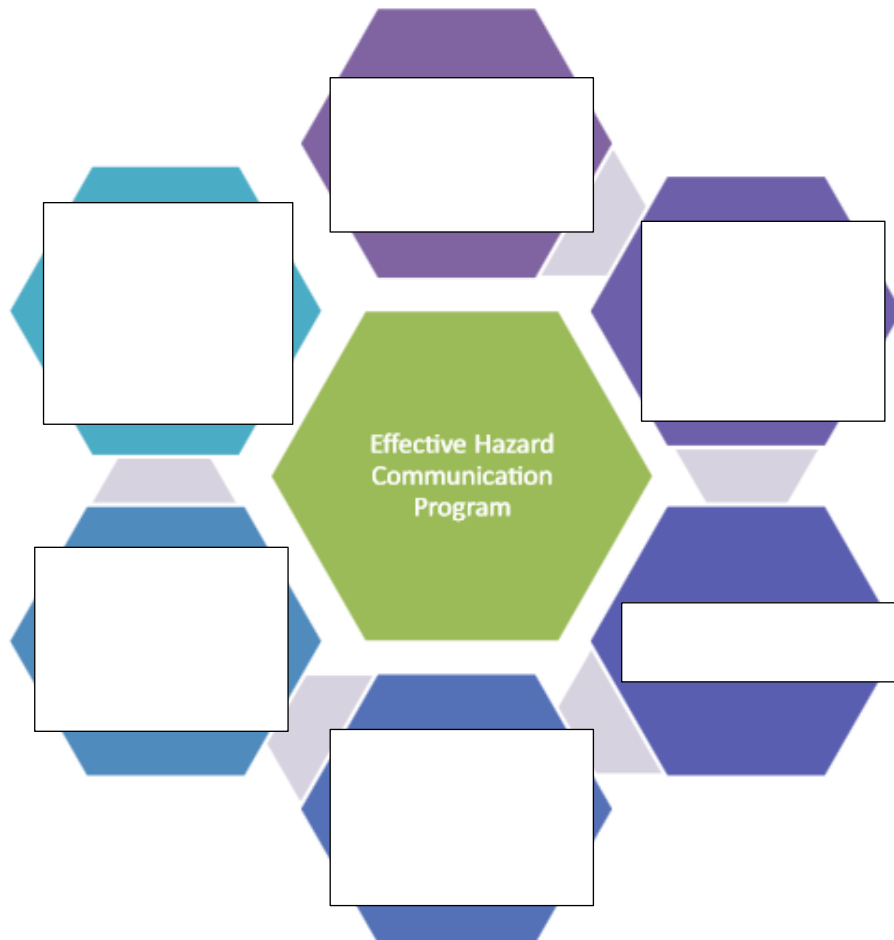
27. Components of your hazard communication training program must include:

- a. The general requirements of the standard
- b. _____ of hazardous chemicals
- c. How to _____ presence or release of hazardous chemicals
- d. Detailed explanation of the _____ system
- e. Detailed explanation of the _____
- f. Measures available to protect _____ from hazards.

28. It is the _____ responsibility to train all employees in a language and level that the employee can understand.

29. The Hazard Communication Standards requires that training records must be maintained. True False

30. Fill in the boxes with the six steps to an effective hazard communication program. Try to do it without looking (see if you remember). Abbreviate/summarize where appropriate.



31. A mercury spill kit is required when using mercury. This is typically only in office that place _____ fillings.

32. Eyewash stations must be inspected _____.

33. Chemicals are usually stored in a _____, _____, _____ area.