

RDA WRITTEN EXAM REVIEW SECTION 3: Infection Control TOPIC A: Hand Hygiene

1.	The #1 step that you can take to prevent the spread of disease is				
2.	What does CDC stand for? for			_·	
3.	The CD	C has no regulatory powers. True False (circle one)			
4.	Two ty	pes of microorganisms found on the hands are:			
	a.				
	b.				
5.	Which	of the two types of microorganisms are potentially more harmful?			
6.	Which	of the two types of microorganisms are harder to remove?			
7.	Routin	e handwashing removes of the transient microorganisms and		of the	
	resider	it flora.			
8.	The no	rovirus (stomach flu) can easily be transmitted by our contaminated hands.	True	False	
9.	Candida albicans is a				
10.). Considerations for choosing soap include:				
	a.	soap (not bar soap)			
	b.	Use recommended			
	C.	Pick one that has skin			
	d.	Make sure everyone likes it!			
	e.	Avoid ones that have potential for			
11.	 Before refilling a soap container you need to thoroughly 			(but it is	
	best ju	st to).			
12.	You mu	ust wash your hands:			
	a.	When they are (instead of using hand rub)			
	b.	Before Why?			
	c.	After glove Why?			
		i			
		ii			
	d.	Before leaving the,, or, or	area		
	e.	After an inanimate object that may be contaminated			
13.	.3. What is a knook and cranny? 😊 Hum				
14.	14. How should you turn on the water? (sounds like a dumb question, but very important!)				

16. Active ingredients in hand products include:

	a% concentration			
	b			
	c			
	d			
	e			
17.	You can use hand rub instead of handwashing at all times. True False (circle one)			
	Explain:			
18.	How long should it take for your hands to dry when using alcohol based hand rub?			
19.	we have to use an antimicrobial soap in the dental office? Yes No (circle one)			
20.	Which does the best job of removing transient microorganisms if your hands are not visibly soiled?			
21.	Routine handwashing is done to protect, whereas performing a surgical scrub is done to			
	protect the			
22.	The purpose of a surgical scrub is to reduce the change of contamination of the if our gloves			
	become torn or compromised during the surgical procedure.			
23.	What PPE is put in BEFORE we start washing our hands?			
24.	Use an stick around and under			
25.	Wash our hands and forearms all the way up to your			
26.	The timing for a surgical scrub is between minutes.			
27.	You need to keep your hands above your so that the water runs off down, keeping your han			
	clean.			
28.	Use a sterile to dry your hands.			
29.	There is a proper way to put on sterile gloves. True False (circle one)			
30.	It is important to use lotions that do not have or other oil emollients because it may cause			
	in the gloves and therefore compromise their effectiveness.			
31.	True latex allergies are uncommon. True False (circle one)			
32.	Irritant contact dermatitis is not a true and is commonly caused by:			
	a			
	b			
	C			
33.	Often when we say we have a latex allergy, it is actually an allergy to chemical used during the			
	of the gloves or in the office that we do not wash off completely before gloving.			
34.	True latex allergies are NOT caused from the in the gloves, but is caused from the			
	in the latex. This type of allergy is fairly			